Credit Memos

Introduction

Credit memos are used to credit the customer for overcharges or returned goods.

Credit memos for local customers are recorded in the **Multi-Shipment Invoices** form and for foreign customers in the **Export Invoices** form

When goods are returned, the credit memo must be accompanied by a return document recorded in the **Customer Returns** form.

Aim

- Produce a credit memo for a return of goods.
- Produce a credit memo for an overcharge (price differences).

Setups

 Parameters have been correctly defined in the Financial Parameters for Customers form for each overseas customer. If you are preparing a credit memo for foreign customers (Export Credit Memos), ensure the value in the Invoice Type field is F (in the Invoices tab).

Procedure

Process I: Preparing a Credit Memo for the Return of Goods

- 1. To prepare a credit memo for returned goods:
 - For a local customer open the Multi-Shipment Invoices form.
 - For a foreign customer open the Export Invoices form.
- 2. Select the customer in the **Customer Number** field. A temporary **Invoice No.** (with the prefix **T**) is assigned when you leave the field.

Note: If the invoice is for a billing customer, select the billing customer's number when opening the invoice.

3. Today's **Date** appears automatically but may be revised.



Note: The invoice date determines the reference date in the journal entry for the invoice. It is also taken into account in calculating the payment date.

- 4. Change the value of the **Debit/Credit** field from **D** to **C**.
- 5. In the **Price** tab, the customer's default **Currency** appears automatically but may be revised.
- 6. In the **Financial Terms** tab, ensure that the **Tax Code** is correct (for dual-currency users: **VAT Code**).
- 7. Do one of the following:
 - To base the credit memo on one return document, enter the document number in the **Document** field in the **References** tab.
 - If the invoice is based on more than one return document, leave this field empty and add the relevant documents in the **Documents for Invoice** subform.
- 8. Move to the **Invoice Items** subform and review the following fields:
 - Parts, quantities, prices and discounts are displayed according to the linked return documents. Make sure all details are correct.
 - Check the **Income Account No.** This is filled in automatically, but may be revised.
- 9. Move to the **Invoice Add'I Details** subform and fill in the following fields:
 - In the Code-Orig Inv/Rec't field, select the type of the original invoice for the returned goods.
 - In the Orig Invoice/Receipt field, enter the number of the original invoice.
 This allows for the reconciliation (full or partial) of the credit memo and the original invoice.
- Return to the upper-level form and in the **Price** tab, ensure all fields are filled in correctly.
- 11. To finalize and/or print the invoice, run the **Finalize & Print Invoice** or **Finalize Invoice/Memo** programs from the Actions list.
- 12. To print or send the invoice by email, run the **Print Invoice/Credit Memo** program from the Actions list. For more information on sending digitally signed documents, see the **Sending e-Documents** SOP in the Xpert Knowledge Base.

Results

A journal entry is posted to the ledger against the finalized memo (C-Customer, D-Income account in line, D-Sales Tax) and recorded in the **Journal Entries for Invoice** subform.



- If the original invoice is specified, the credit memo is reconciled (either fully or partially) against that invoice.
- If the number of the credited part is specified (as opposed to a general part number), total sales of that part will be reduced in sales reports based on invoices.

Process II: Preparing a Credit Memo for an Overcharge

Credit memos for overcharging are recorded manually. Ensure to enter the original invoice so that the overcharge will not appear in aging reports.

- 1. To prepare a credit memo for an overcharge:
 - For a local customer open the Multi-Shipment Invoices form.
 - For a foreign customer (export credit memo) open the Export Invoices form.
- 2. Select the customer in the **Customer Number** field. A temporary **Invoice No.** (with the prefix **T**) is assigned when you leave the field.

Note: If the invoice is for a billing customer, select the billing customer's number when opening the invoice.

3. Today's **Date** appears automatically but may be revised.

Note: The invoice date determines the reference date in the journal entry for the invoice. It is also taken into account in calculating the payment date.

- 4. Change the value of the **Debit/Credit** field from **D** to **C**.
- 5. In the **Price** tab, the customer's default **Currency** appears automatically but may be revised.
- 6. In the **Financial Terms** tab, ensure that the **Tax Code** is correct (for dual-currency users: **VAT Code**).
- 7. Move to the **Invoice Items** subform and fill in the following fields:
 - Select the **Part Number** to be credited or a general part number, not inventory controlled, defined in advance (e.g., "Overcharge").
 - In the Quantity field, enter 1.
 - In the Unit Price field, enter the credited sum.
 - Mark the Credit Only checkbox.
 - Check the **Income Account No.** This is filled in automatically but may be revised.
- 8. Move to the **Invoice Add'I Details** parallel subform and fill in the following fields:



- In the Code-Orig Inv/Rec't field, select the type of the original invoice for the returned goods.
- In the Orig Invoice/Receipt field, enter the number of the original invoice.
 This allows for the reconciliation (full or partial) of the credit memo and the original invoice.
- 9. Return to the upper-level form and in the **Price** tab, ensure all fields are filled in correctly.
- 10. To finalize and/or print the invoice, run the **Finalize & Print Invoice** or **Finalize Invoice/Memo** programs from the Actions list.
- 11. To print or send the invoice by email, run the **Print Invoice/Credit Memo** program from the Actions list. For more information on sending digitally signed documents, see the **Sending e-Documents** SOP in the Xpert Knowledge Base.

Results

- A journal entry is posted to the ledger against the finalized memo (C-Customer, D-Income account in line, D-Sales Tax) and recorded in the **Journal Entries for Invoice** subform.
- If the original invoice is specified, the credit memo is reconciled (either fully or partially) against the original invoice.
- If the number of the credited part is specified (as opposed to a general part number), total sales of that part will be reduced in sales reports based on invoices.

